

The International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD) and its work on Multiple Use (water) Services

MUS Group meeting 31st May IFAD HQ, Rome





What is IFAD doing?

"Enabling the rural poor to overcome their poverty"

in the water sector?

Portfolio	Water sector		Agriculture water	Financed by IFAD Ioan	
1990 - 1994	24%	711.4 MUSD	83%	45%	
2000 - 2004	34%	1 442.3 MUSD	61%	40%	

IFAD estimations 2006



IFAD understanding of poverty

"Poverty is not just a condition of low income.

It is a condition of vulnerability, exclusion and powerlessness.

It is the erosion of people's capability to be free from fear and hunger and to have their voices heard.

Poverty reduction is about enabling poor women and men to transform their lives and livelihoods, and supporting governments and civil society in creating and maintaining the conditions that allow them to do so."

IFAD targeting policy, Sept 2006 http://www.ifad.org/pub/policy/target/targeting_e.pdf



How to reach out?

Country level

Country level

1Y Design

Constraints &

6-8Y Implementation (+ Phase II?)

Secure empowering mechanisms

Work through NGOs

Poverty & Livelihoods analysis

Secure targeting mechanisms

Participatory approaches

Community & individual planning

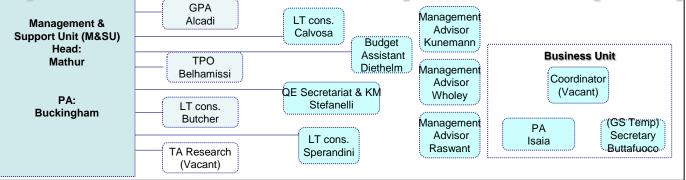
Opportunities

Household level

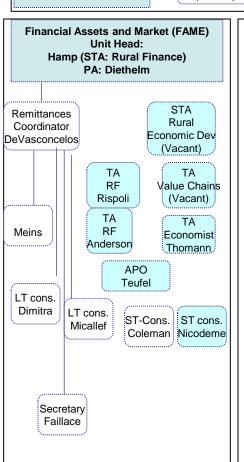
Policy & Technical Advisory Division (PTA)

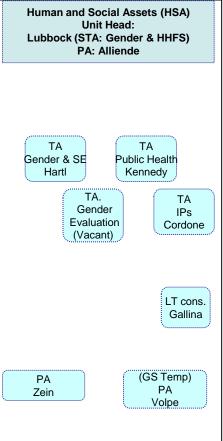
Director Rodney D. Cooke

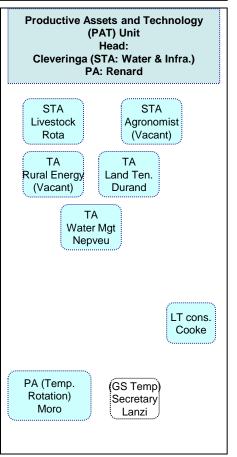
Administrative Assistant Fiorella Cordeschi













Mapping IFAD water investments

Water Resource Management

Knowledge

Activity contributing to better knowledge of quantity/quality of water resources

Planning / Mobilisation

Activity contributing to the national/regional/local processes on planning for water resources or on deciding on infrastructure to mobilise

Management / Allocation

Activity related to processes on management (IWRM, watershed approaches,...) and allocating water to various uses (see below)

Water Resource Uses

Domestic

Activity related to water for drinking, washing, cleaning, ...

Agriculture

Rainfed

Activity (most likely) related to (soil and) water conservation or water harvesting in the field (tricky one)

Irrigation

Activity related to irrigation

Livestock

Activity related to water for livestock (drinking, washing,...)

Fisheries & aquaculture

Activity related to water for inland fisheries

Industry - in particular agro-processing

Activity supporting industries or agro-processing (household units) that involve water in their process

Environment & biodiversity

Activity related to environmental uses of water: environmental flows for rivers, flood areas along a river... to ensure biodiversity conservation

Leisure

Activity related to bathing, rafting, etc. Especially when tourism development is involved: water quality requirements

Culture

Activity supporting cultural uses of water



IFAD's engagement in the water sector

• 250 on-going programmes at end-2009

			Number	Percentage
Water Resource Management	Knowledge		50	20
	Planning / Mo	bilisation	105	42
	Management	/ Allocation	129	52
Water Resource Uses	Domestic		125	50
	Agriculture	Rainfed	123	49
		Irrigation	156	62
		Livestock	131	52
		Fisheries & aquaculture	56	22
	Industry – in p	particular agro-processing	127	51
	Environment	& biodiversity	65	26
	Leisure		9	4
	Culture		9	4



Examples of water investments in IFAD programmes

- Project for the Promotion of Local Initiative for Development in Aguié (PPILDA), Niger
- 2005 2013
- Target of 30,000 people
 - Domestic: Open wells and protected boreholes
 - Livestock: Open wells
 - Kitchen gardening: Open wells
- Community-based Food Security and Economic Opportunities Programme, Laos,
- (initial) Design 2011
- Target of 225 villages
 - Domestic: Gravity-fed water supply schemes
 - Kitchen gardening: Gravity-fed water supply schemes
 - Irrigation: Diversion weir & gravity fed canals and pressurized system

The planning, financing and managing of water services is often not integrated or poorly conceived and implemented



Mainstreaming MUS in IFAD

- Quality Enhancement of programme design
- Programme implementation support
- Advocacy through knowledge products
 - InnoWat, Learning notes
- Practical tools for practitioners (in-country project staff, implementing agencies)
 - Roof Rainwater Harvesting (RRWH) technical, financial and economic tool
- MUS Group briefing session on MUS for Country Portfolio Managers (CPMs)



RRWH technical financial and economic tool

- Technical, financial and economic guidelines to RRWH with an Excel-based model
 - Introduction
 - Objective
 - Methodology
 - RRWH in rural and agricultural development (What, why, where, when, and who?)
 - Part A: Practical steps to implement RRWH
 - Design, Construction, Operation & Maintenance (including risks and mitigation)
 - References: Technical
 - Part B: Economic and financial analysis ...



Part B: Economic & Financial Analysis for RRWH

Objective:

To assess the *financial* profitability of the investment in RRWH

and

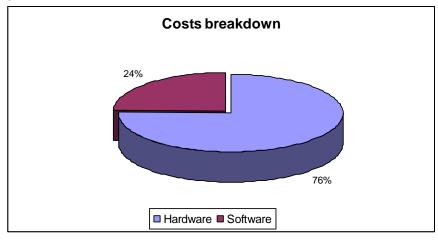
To measure its impact on the **social** and **economic** welfare of the beneficiaries



B.1. Financial analysis

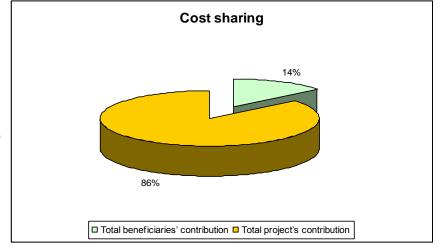
– 1.1 Investment costs:

- Land and site infrastructure cost
- Cost of equipment and materials
- Transport costs



– 1.2 Recurrent costs:

- Wages of skilled and unskilled workers
- O&M costs
- Management and capacity building costs





B.1. Financial analysis

1.3 Depreciation & Benefits:

Depreciation: budgeting the renewal

- Benefits:
- (Discounted) Annual Cash Flow
- Financial Rate of Return
- Net Present Value
- Payback Period



B.2. Socio-economic analysis

- Costs (investment and recurrent costs)
- Socio-economic Benefits
 - Labour cost saved women (h/d)
 - Health improvements (sick days/year saved)
 - Improved livestock production (value of meat)
 - Enhanced household food security from backyard gardening (\$/sqm)
 - Increased value of land (\$/sqm)
- Additional (unquantified) benefits



B.2. Socio-economic analysis (cont'd)

- Benefits:
 - Net Present Value (NPV)
 - Economic Rate of Return (ERR)
 - B/C Ratio

B.3. Sensitivity analysis

- Dealing with the risks



Thank you!

Any questions?

